Queensland

ABN: 86 504 771 740

Village Comparison Document

Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Section 74)

This form is effective from 1 February 2019



Fassifern Retirement Village

Important information for the prospective resident

- The Village Comparison Document gives general information about the retirement village accommodation, facilities and services, including the general costs of moving into, living in and leaving the retirement village. This makes it easier for you to compare retirement villages.
- The Retirement Villages Act 1999 requires a retirement village scheme operator to:
 - provide a copy of the Village Comparison Document to a prospective resident of the retirement village within seven days of receiving a request
 - o include a copy of the Village Comparison Document with any promotional material given to a person, other than through a general distribution (e.g. mail-out)
 - publish the Village Comparison Document on the village's website so that the document, or a link to it appears prominently on each page of the website that contains, or has a link to, marketing material for the village
- You can access a copy of this Village Comparison Document on the village website at http://cofc.com.au/fassifern-retirement-village
- All amounts in this document are GST-inclusive, unless stated otherwise where that is permitted by law.

Notice for prospective residents

Before you decide whether to live in a retirement village, you should:

- Seek independent legal advice about the retirement village contract there are different types of contracts and they can be complex
- Find out the financial commitments involved in particular, you should understand and consider ingoing costs, ongoing fees and charges (which can increase) and how much it will cost you when you leave the village permanently
- Consider any impacts to any pensions, rate subsidies and rebates you currently receive
- Consider what questions to ask the village manager before signing a contract
- Consider whether retirement village living provides the lifestyle that is right for you. Moving into
 a retirement village is very different to moving into a new house. It involves buying into a village
 with communal facilities where usually some of the costs of this lifestyle are deferred until you
 leave the village. These deferred costs when you leave your unit may be significant.
- Seek further information and advice to help with making a decision that is right for you. Some useful contacts are listed at the end of this document, including:

- Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS) which provides free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement village. See www.caxton.org.au or phone 07 3214 6333.
- The Queensland Law Society which can provide a list of lawyers who practice retirement village law. See www.qls.com.au or phone: 1300 367 757.

More information

- If you decide to move into a retirement village, the operator will provide you with a Prospective Costs Document for your selected unit, a residence contract and other legal documents.
- By law, you must have a copy of the Village Comparison Document, the Prospective Costs Document, the village by-laws, your residence contract and all attachments to your residence contract for at least 21 days before you and the operator enter into the residence contract. This is to give you time to read these documents carefully and seek professional advice about your legal and financial interests. You have the right to waive the 21-day period if you get legal advice from a Queensland lawyer about your contract.

The information in this Village Comparison Document is correct as at 3 July 2025 and applies to prospective residents.

Some of the information in this document may not apply to existing residence contracts.

Part 1 – Operator and management details				
1.1 Retirement village location	Retirement Village Name: Fassifern Retirement Village			
	Street Address: Harold Stark Avenue			
	Suburb: Boonah State: Qld Post Code: 4310			
1.2 Owner of the land on which the	Name of land owner: Churches of Christ in Queensland			
retirement village scheme is located	Australian Company Number (ACN): 147 481 436			
	Address: 41 Brookfield Road			
	Suburb: Kenmore State: QLD Post Code: 4069			
1.3 Village operator	Name of entity that operates the retirement village (scheme operator):			
	Churches of Christ in Queensland			
	Australian Company Number (ACN): 147 481 436			
	Address: 41 Brookfield Road			
	Suburb: Kenmore State: Qld Post Code 4069			
	Date entity became operator: 8 November 1989			
1.4 Village management and	Name of village management entity and contact details:			
onsite availability	Churches of Christ in Queensland			
	Australian Company Number (ACN): 147 481 436			

	Phone: 07 5463 2105 Email: retirementlivingqld@cofcqld.com.au		
	An onsite manager (or representative) is available to residents:		
	⊠ Part time		
	☑ Other – via phone Monday to Friday 8.00am to 4.00pm		
	Onsite availability includes:		
	Weekdays: Monday, Tuesday Wednesday, Thursday and Friday 9.00am to 2.30pm		
	Weekends: Emergency Calls		
1.5 Approved closure plan or transition plan	Is there an approved transition plan for the village?		
for the retirement	☐ Yes ⊠ No		
village	A written transition plan approved by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy is required when an existing operator is transitioning control of the retirement village scheme's operation to a new operator.		
	Is there an approved closure plan for the village?		
	☐ Yes ⊠ No		
	A written closure plan approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy is required if an operator is closing a retirement village scheme. This includes winding down or stopping to operate the village, even temporarily.		
1.6 Statutory Charge over retirement village land.	Tenure in a leasehold or freehold scheme is secured by the registration of your interest on the certificate of title for the property. There is no statutory charge registered over leasehold schemes and freehold schemes.		
	In relation to licence schemes, a statutory charge over the land is normally registered on the certificate of title by the chief executive of the department administering the Act. It there is no statutory charge registered on a licence scheme, which may be the case for some religious, charitable or community purpose organisations, you should check if the security of tenure offered meets your requirements.		
	Is a statutory charge registered on the certificate of title for the retirement village land?		
	□ Yes ⊠ No		
	If yes, provide details of the registered statutory charge:		
Part 2 – Age limits			
2.1 What age limits apply to residents in this village?	Generally, the village operator will only accept residents who are at least 65 years old (or, if there are two residents seeking to occupy a unit, at least one of them must be at least 65 years old). However, the village operator may (if it wishes) approve residents who have not		

		reached the minimum age. Applications by persons not meeting the minimum age are assessed on a case-by-case basis. The village operator reserves the right to vary the age limits for the village from time to time.			
A	CCOMMODATION, FAC	CILITIES AND SE	RVICES		
Р	art 3 – Accommodatioı	n units: Nature of	ownership or	tenure	
_	.1 Resident	☐ Freehold (ow	ner resident)		
	wnership or tenure of ne units in the village	Lease (non-o	wner resident)		
is	•	□ Licence (non-	owner resident	·)	
		☐ Share in com	pany title entity	(non-owner resident)	
			ıst (non-owner	resident)	
		Rental (non-o	wner resident)		
		☐ Other			
		in respect of any respite purposes, or other purposes	part of the villa office/adminis s, whether unde	e right to use or grant ge (including units) for tration purposes, resid er agreements or arrar <i>Villages Act 1999 (Ql</i> a	temporary lential tenancies ngements that
	ccommodation types				
	.2 Number of units by ccommodation type	There are 47 unit	s in the village,	comprising 47 single	story units; 0
	nd tenure	units in multi-stor	•		•
		l –		F	I
	Accommodation unit	Freehold	Leasehold	Licence	Other – Rental
		Freehold	Leasehold	Licence	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living	Freehold	Leasehold	Licence	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units	Freehold	Leasehold	Licence 6	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio	Freehold	Leasehold		Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom	Freehold	Leasehold	6	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study - Two bedroom	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2 33	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study - Two bedroom - Two bed + study	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2 33	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study - Two bedroom - Two bed + study - Three bedroom	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2 33	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study - Two bedroom - Two bed + study - Three bedroom Serviced units	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2 33	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study - Two bedroom - Two bed + study - Three bedroom Serviced units - Studio	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2 33	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study - Two bedroom - Two bed + study - Three bedroom Serviced units - Studio - One bedroom	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2 33	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study - Two bedroom - Two bed + study - Three bedroom Serviced units - Studio - One bedroom - Two bedroom	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2 33	Other – Rental
	unit Independent living units - Studio - One bedroom - One bed + study - Two bedroom - Two bed + study - Three bedroom Serviced units - Studio - One bedroom - Two bedroom - Three bedroom - Three bedroom - Three bedroom	Freehold	Leasehold	6 2 33	Other – Rental

Access and design	
3.3 What disability	□ Level access from the street into and between all areas of the unit
access and design features do the units and the village contain?	(i.e. no external or internal steps or stairs) in \square all units \square some units
	\Box Alternatively, a ramp, elevator or lift allows entry into \Box all \Box some units
	oximes Step-free (hobless) shower in $oximes$ some units
	oxtimes Width of doorways allow for wheelchair access in $oxtimes$ some units
	☑ Toilet is accessible in a wheelchair in ☑ some units
	☐ Other key features in the units or village that cater for people with disability or assist residents to age in place
	□ None Note: In some villages, units may have been built at different times/stages. Therefore, the applicable standards and building codes may differ between different units.
Part 4 - Parking for resi	dents and visitors
4.1 What car parking in the village is	⊠ Some 40 independent living units with own garage or carport attached or adjacent to the unit
available for residents?	☐ 7 Units without an allocated car park or carport. Shared car parking and carports are available for resident use. Restrictions on resident's car parking include:
	Residents must only park in the village if they have entered into an agreement with the village operator to use one of the village carparks. Visitor parking is for visitors only. The village has a general "maximum one car space per unit" policy. However, an exception may be made at the discretion of the village operator.
4.2 Is parking in the village available for	⊠ Yes □ No
visitors? If yes, parking restrictions include	While there are no specific restrictions on visitor parking, visitors must comply with the residence contract of the resident they are visiting and are subject to the same behavioural obligations as residents. Also, the village operator reserves the right to impose restrictions in the course of administering the village.
Part 5 – Planning and de	evelopment
5.1 Is construction or development of the	Year village construction started 1972
village complete?	☐ Fully developed / completed
	☐ Partially developed / completed
	☐ Construction yet to commence
	Note: The village operator reserves the right to further develop or redevelop all or part of the village in the future.
5.2 Construction,	Development approval granted

applications and development	⊠ Yes □ No			
approvals Provide details and timeframe of development or proposed development,	The village operator has obtained a development approval to construct an additional 75 independent living units at the retirement village, which will bring the total number of units in the village to 122 when development is complete. It is envisaged that there will be two types of new units: 2 bedrooms + study and 3 bedroom duplex with garage.			
including the final number and types of	New facilities intended to be constructed at the village as part of this development include a lake house and swimming pool.			
units and any new facilities.	The village operator intends to complete these works before the expiry of the development approval on 1 March 2024. However, this timeframe is subject to change at the discretion of the village operator.			
	Development application pending	a		
	☐ Yes ☒ No			
	Is there an approved redevelopment plan for the village under the Retirement Villages Act?			
	⊠ No			
	The Retirement Villages Act may require a written redevelopment plan for certain types of redevelopment at the village and this is different to a development approval. A redevelopment plan must be approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy.			
	Note: see notice at end of document regarding inspection of the development approval documents.			
5.3 Redevelopment plan under the Retirement Villages Act 1999	Is there an approved redevelopment plan for the village under the Retirement Villages Act? ☐ Yes ☒ No			
	The Retirement Villages Act may require a written redevelopment plan for certain types of redevelopment of the village and this is different to a development approval. A redevelopment plan must be approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy.			
	Note: see notice at end of document regarding inspection of the development approval documents.			
Part 6 – Facilities onsite	at the village			
6.1 The following facilities are currently		☐ Medical consultation room		
available to residents:	☐ Arts and crafts room	Restaurant		

	☐ Auditorium	☐ Shop			
	⊠ BBQ area outdoors	☐ Swimming pool [indoor / outdoor]			
	☐ Billiards room	[heated / not heated]			
	☐ Bowling green [indoor/outdoor]	☐ Separate lounge in community centre			
	 ☐ Business centre (e.g. computers, printers, internet access) ☐ Chapel / prayer room ☐ Communal laundries ☒ Community room or centre ☐ Dining room 	□ Spa [indoor / outdoor] [heated / not heated □ Storage area for boats / caravans □ Tennis court [full/half] □ Village bus or transport – shared service with Residential Aged Care □ Workshop			
	⊠ Gardens □ Gym	 ⊠ Other – Emergency call system and access facilities 			
	☐ Hairdressing or beauty room ☐ Library				
Details about any facility that is not funded from the General Services Charge paid by residents or					
if there are any restrictions on access or sharing of facilities (e.g. with an aged care facility). For some of the village facilities, the village operator will from time to time specify particular village rules, such as hours of use and booking procedures. Residents must comply with those rules.					
Some village facilities may be subject to user charges.					
The village bus is shared	The village bus is shared with the co-located aged care facility.				
With the village operator's agreement, retirement village residents may use certain facilities and participate in certain activities within the co-located residential aged care facility or church in common with the aged care facility residents and others, including: • church hall (which hosts activities such as indoor bowls); and • separate lounge in church hall.					
Charges may apply to some of these facilities/activities.					
6.2 Does the village have an onsite, attached, adjacent or co-located residential aged care facility?		acility and name of the approved			
	Facility name: Fassifern Aged Care Service Approved provider: Churches of Christ in Queensland				

Note: Aged care facilities are not covered by the *Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld)*. The retirement village operator cannot keep places free or guarantee places in aged care for residents of the retirement village. To enter a residential aged care facility, you must be assessed as eligible by an Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) in accordance with the *Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)*. Exit fees may apply when you move from your retirement village unit to other accommodation and may involve entering a new contract.

Part 7 - Services

7.1 What services are provided to all village residents (funded from the General Services Charge fund paid by residents)?

The General Services are all services supplied, or made available, to all residents of the village, associated with the Operating Costs.

What are the Operating Costs?

The Operating Costs are the total of all expenses the village operator incurs in connection with the ownership, operation, management and administration of the village, other than:

- (a) amounts payable directly by you or another resident;
- (b) the direct costs of providing personal services;
- (c) costs for maintaining and repairing the village's capital items that are payable out of the Maintenance Reserve Fund; or
- (d) costs for capital items that are payable out of the Capital Replacement Fund.

Specific inclusions in the Operating Costs

The Operating Costs may include, but are not limited to, the costs of:

- rates, charges, taxes and levies (including fire levy) the village operator has to pay to a government, council or public authority in respect of the village, but not income tax, capital gains tax or GST;
- (f) water, gas, oil, electricity, communications, sewerage, waste disposal and other services supplied to the village, common areas and administration areas (but excluding individual units);
- (g) insurance for the village, including for public risk, fire, lightning, storm, tempest, flood, earthquake, malicious act, explosion, impact and riot or civil commotion and such other risks the village operator thinks necessary to cover against from time to time;
- (h) cleaning (including laundry and consumables) that residents are not obliged to do;
- (i) lawn mowing and gardening, including replacing dead plants, mulching, spraying and fertilising;
- services (including recreation and entertainment facilities, activities, programs and consumables) the village operator provides to residents of the village (except services for which the village operator directly charges);

- (k) minor repairs and day-to-day maintenance (including preventative maintenance) necessary to keep the village in good order and condition, including provision at the village operator's discretion for future contingencies;
- (I) pest control;
- (m) fire-fighting and protection equipment and services, including sprinkler systems, hydrants, fire extinguishers and smoke detectors;
- (n) maintaining, monitoring and responding to any emergency call system, other security services or emergency care services in the village:
- the operation and day-to-day maintenance of any vehicles used for the operation of the village or transportation of residents of the village, including insurance, registration, tolls, servicing, oil and petrol;
- (p) plant, equipment and software;
- (q) contractors the village operator engages from time to time;
- (r) a reasonable share of any off-site administration and management costs, including rent or occupancy charges for the use of areas outside the village for village purposes (e.g. office space, reception);
- (s) wages, salaries, employee benefits, payroll tax, workers' compensation insurance premiums and other employment costs for the village operator's employees relating to the village, including travel, accommodation, training (internal and external), recruitment and workplace health and safety expenses;
- (t) administration (including photocopying, postage, courier, printing and stationery expenses), management, accounting, audit, legal and banking costs for the operation of the village;
- complying with laws and the requirements of authorities relating to the operation, management and administration of the village;
- (v) all costs of, or incidental to, resolving any dispute between the village operator and residents (including the costs of auditors, experts and other consultants), including disputes about the reasonableness or fairness of the calculation of the General Services Charges or Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution, excluding:
 - i. costs awarded against the village operator by a tribunal or court; and
 - ii. legal costs incurred by the village operator in relation to a retirement village issue (as defined in the Act).
- (w) expenditures carried forward from any previous accounting period;
- (x) any excess payable under an insurance policy for the village; and

	(y) costs of obtaining the opinions or reports of experts or consultants.		
7.2 Are optional personal services provided or made available to residents on a user-pays basis?	☐ Yes ⊠ No		
7.3 Does the retirement village operator provide government funded home care services under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)?	 ✓ Yes, the operator is an Approved Provider of home care under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Registered Accredited Care Supplier – RACS ID number 5058) ✓ Yes, home care is provided in association with an Approved Provider 		
	\square No, the operator does not provide home care services, residents can arrange their own home care services		
Home Support Program s an aged care assessment services are not covered l	by be eligible to receive a Home Care Package, or a Commonwealth subsidised by the Commonwealth Government if assessed as eligible by the team (ACAT) under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth). These home care by the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld). Their own approved Home Care Provider and are not obliged to use rovider, if one is offered.		
Part 8 - Security and em	nergency systems		
8.1 Does the village have a security system?	☐ Yes ☒ No		
	Please note the village operator may arrange security patrols at random times throughout the night.		
 8.2 Does the village have an emergency help system? If yes or optional: the emergency help system details are: 			
system details are.	You do not need to be next to your phone or the base alarm unit.		
	The alarm has a powerful speaker and microphone which allows a two-way voice function.		
	 The system is monitored 24 hours a day 7 days a week 365 days of the year. 		
	 Fees associated with the emergency help system form part of the General Services Charge and/or maintenance reserve fund contributions. If the emergency help system operates through the telephone system, you must at all times have an operative telephone line 		

	and handset in your unit to connect to the emergency call system and the telephone connection is your responsibility.			
Ala ancomo la la	24 hours per day, 7 days per week			
 the emergency help system is monitored between: 				
8.3 Does the village have equipment that	⊠ Yes □ No			
provides for the safety or medical emergency of residents?	The shared bus and Clubhouse have a first aid kit. Please note that residents are not necessarily trained in first aid.			
If yes, list or provide details e.g. first aid kit, defibrillator				
COSTS AND FINANCIAL	MANAGEMENT			
Part 9 – Ingoing contribu	ution - entry costs to live in	the village		
to secure a right to reside	in the retirement village. The	sident must pay under a residence contract ingoing contribution is also referred to as going charges such as rent or other		
9.1 What is the	Accommodation Unit	Range of ingoing contribution		
estimated ingoing	Independent living units			
contribution (sale price) range for all	- Studio	\$ to \$		
types of units in the	- One bedroom	\$220,000.00 to \$220,000.00		
village	- One bedroom + Study	\$340,000.00 to \$350,000.00		
	- Two bedrooms	\$380,000.00 to \$425,000.00		
	- Two bedrooms + Study	\$450,000.00 to \$455,000.00		
	Serviced units			
	- Studio	\$ to \$		
	- One bedroom	\$ to \$		
	- Two bedrooms	\$ to \$		
	- Three bedrooms	\$ to \$		
	Other	\$ to \$		
	Full range of ingoing contributions for all unit types \$220,000.00 to \$455,000.00			
	Note: the amounts referred to in this Item 9.1 represent "Original Standard Ingoing Contributions", i.e. assuming that an "Option A" resident contract is selected (see Item 9.2 for details).			
9.2 Are there different financial options	⊠ Yes □ No			
available for paying the ingoing contribution and exit	Residents may select from three contract options. In selecting their preferred contract option, residents may elect to pay a lower ingoing			

fee or other fees and charges under a residence contract? If yes: specify or set out in a table how the contract options work e.g. pay a higher ingoing contribution and less or no exit fee.

contribution upon entry to the village, in return for paying a higher exit fee upon departure from the village. These contract options may be summarised as follows:

Contract Option	Percentage of Original Standard Ingoing Contribution payable	Relevant Exit Fee Table – refer Item 11.1	Maximum Exit Fee Percentage (based on your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution)
Option A	100%	Table A	35%
Option B	95%	Table B	40%
Option C	90%	Table C	45%

In this document, "Original Standard Ingoing Contribution" means the ingoing contribution that would be payable by you if you entered into an "Option A" residence contract, at the time you are granted the licence to occupy the unit under your residence contract.

The village operator reserves the right at any time to vary the contract options it offers other residents of the village (including any subsequent resident of your unit). Without limitation, the village operator's right in this regard includes the right:

- (a) to introduce or discontinue one or more contract options;
- (b) to change the units or number of units in respect of which the village operator offers one or more contract options;
- (c) not to offer one or more contract options in respect of one or more units: or
- (d) to vary the details of one or more of the contract options.

9.3 What other entry costs do residents need to pay?

	Trans	fer (or st	tamı	o d	lut	٧
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- ☐ Costs related to your residence contract
- ☐ Costs related to any other contract
- ☐ Advance payment of General Services Charge

Part 10 - Ongoing Costs - costs while living in the retirement village

General Services Charge: Residents pay this charge for the general services supplied or made available to residents in the village, which may include management and administration, gardening and general maintenance and other services or facilities for recreation and entertainment described at 7.1.

Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution: Residents pay this charge for maintaining and repairing (but not replacing) the village's capital items e.g. communal facilities, swimming pool.

This fund may or may not cover maintaining or repairing items in your unit, depending on the terms of your residence contract.

The budgets for the General Services Charges Fund and the Maintenance Reserve Fund are set each financial year and these amounts can increase each year. The amount to be held in the Maintenance Reserve Fund is determined by the operator using a quantity surveyor's report. **Note:** The following ongoing costs are all stated as weekly amounts to help you compare the costs of different villages. However, the billing period for these amounts may not be weekly.

10.1 Current weekly rates of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Type of Unit	General Services Charge (weekly)	Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (weekly)
All units pay a flat rate	\$126.18	\$25.92

^{*}Note the General Services Charge does not include the Maintenance Reserve Fund Contribution

Last three years of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution **General Services** Overall % Overall % Financial Maintenance change from year Charge (range) change from Reserve Fund (weekly) previous year contribution (range) previous year (weekly) (+ or -) 2024/25 \$126.18 \$28.12 +14.8% +9.2% 2023/24 \$115.55 +7.1% +9.55% \$24.48 2022/23 \$107.89 +6.00% \$22.345 +5.20%

10.2 What costs	⊠ Contents insurance	☐ Water			
relating to the units are not covered by the	☐ Home insurance (freehold units	⊠ Telephone			
General Services Charge? (residents	only)				
will need to pay these costs separately)	⊠ Electricity	⊠ Pay TV			
costs separatery)	☐ Gas	☐ Other			
10.3 What other	☐ Unit fixtures				
ongoing or occasional costs for repair,	☐ Unit fittings				
maintenance and replacement of items	☐ Unit appliances				
in, on or attached to	□ None				
the units are residents responsible for and pay for while residing	Additional information				
in the unit?	If your unit includes a garden then you must keep the garden in good condition.				
	You must keep your unit clean.				
	You must take reasonable steps to keep your unit free of pests (other than termites), including by having pest control treatments (other than termite treatments) carried out in your unit at your expense annually and whenever else the village operator reasonably requires you to do so.				

If you make any alterations or additions to the unit with the village operator's consent, or if any alterations or additions made by a previous resident of the unit remain in, on or attached to the unit when you take occupation, you are responsible for keeping them clean, well maintained and in good repair, and replacing them if they are worn out or cannot reasonably be repaired. You are also responsible for repairing or replacing things in, on or attached to the unit and in the village that you damage or destroy, or are subject to accelerated wear because of your actions. 10.4 Does the operator \boxtimes No ☐ Yes offer a maintenance service or help Note: Subject to the exceptions referred to in Item 10.3, the village residents arrange operator is generally responsible for the maintenance, repair and repairs and replacement of the unit and items in, on or attached to the unit. maintenance for their unit? Part 11 - Exit fees - when you leave the village A resident may have to pay an exit fee to the operator when they leave their unit or when the right to reside in their unit is sold. This is also referred to as a 'deferred management fee' (DMF). ☐ Yes – all residents pay an exit fee calculated using the same formula 11.1 Do residents pay an exit fee when they out may vary depending on each resident's residence contract permanently leave their unit? ☐ No exit fee □ Other If yes: list all exit fee Exit fees are calculated as a percentage (set out in the applicable exit options that may apply fee table below) of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution, to new contracts according to the period from (and including) the commencement date of your residence contract to (and including) your Exit Date. The applicable exit fee table depends on the contract option selected by you before you entered into your residence contract (see Item 9.2). In this document, "Exit Date" means the later of: (a) the date your residence contract expires or is terminated; and (b) the date that you vacate the unit, or any other date that the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld) specifies as the date as at which the exit fee for a residence contract is to be, or may be, calculated.

For simplicity, the Exit Fee information below and any Prospective Costs Document given to you assume that the date of occupation of your unit and the commencement date of your residence contract are the same date, and that you cease to reside in the unit on the Exit Date. However, this is subject to the terms of your residence contract and the *Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld)*.

All residents must also pay a termination fee of \$1,000, which will be deducted from their exit entitlement (see Item 14.1).

Table A – Contract Option A		
Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
1 year	10% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
2 years	15% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
3 years	20% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
4 years	25% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
5 years	30% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
6 years	35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
10 years	35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	

Note: If the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee will be 35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution after 6 years of residence, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00.

The minimum exit fee is 1 day/365 days (1 day/366 days in a leap year) of 10% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00, if the period of occupation is 1 day.

Table B – Contract Option B

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Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
1 year	15% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
2 years	20% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
3 years	25% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
4 years	30% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
5 years	35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
6 years	40% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
10 years	40% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution

Note: If the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee will be 40% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution after 6 years of residence, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00.

The minimum exit fee is 1 day/365 days (1 day/366 days in a leap year) of 15% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00, if the period of occupation is 1 day.

Table C - Contract Option C

Time period from date of
occupation of unit to the
date the resident ceases to
reside in the unit

Exit fee calculation based on your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution

1 year	20% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
2 years	25% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
3 years	30% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
4 years	35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
5 years	40% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
6 years	45% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
10 years	45% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	
out on a daily basis. The maximum (or cappe Contribution after 6 years The minimum exit fee is	cupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked d) exit fee will be 45% of your Original Standard Ingoing s of residence, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00. 1 day/365 days (1 day/366 days in a leap year) of 20% of your g Contribution, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00, if the period of	
11.2 What other exit costs do residents need to pay or contribute to?	If the former resident and scheme operator cannot agree on the resale value within 30 days, the scheme operator must obtain a valuation from a registered valuer within a further 14 days. The valuation is taken to be the agreed resale value of the right to reside for the accommodation unit. You and the scheme operator must share the cost of the valuer in the same proportion as the gross ingoing contribution on the sale of the right to reside, is shared under your residence contract. After the valuation is provided the scheme operator will give you an exit statement showing the estimated final amount of money you will receive when the right to reside is resold and all the costs you will have to pay. The resident's portion of any sale costs and/ or valuation costs is calculated as follows:	
	(A-B-C)	
	D	
	Where:	
	A = the resident's ingoing contribution	
	B = the exit fee	
	C = the termination fee	
	D = the ingoing contribution payable by the next resident of the unit	
	☐ Legal costs	
	☑ Other costs – \$1,000.00 termination fee	
Part 12 – Reinstatement	and renovation of the unit	
12.1 Is the resident responsible for reinstatement of the	⊠ Yes □ No	

unit when they leave the unit?

The resident is only responsible for reinstatement work to the extent it is required because the resident has caused damage or accelerated wear to the unit.

Reinstatement work means replacements or repairs that are reasonably necessary to return the unit to the same condition it was in when the resident started occupation, apart from:

- fair wear and tear; and
- renovations and other changes to the condition of the unit carried out with agreement of the resident and operator.

Fair wear and tear includes a reasonable amount of wear and tear associated with the use of items commonly used in a retirement village. However, a resident is responsible for the cost of replacing a capital item of the retirement village if the resident deliberately damages the item or causes accelerated wear.

Entry and exit inspections and reports are undertaken by the operator and resident to assess the condition of the unit.

12.2 Is the resident responsible for renovation of the unit when they leave the unit?

⊠ No

Renovation means replacements or repairs other than reinstatement work.

By law, the operator is responsible for the cost of any renovation work on a former resident's unit, unless the residence contract provides for the resident to share in the capital gain on the sale of the resident's interest in the unit. Renovation costs are shared between the former resident and operator in the same proportion as any capital gain is to be shared under the residence contract.

Part 13- Capital gain or losses

13.1 When the resident's interest or right to reside in the unit is sold, does the resident share in the capital *gain* or capital *loss* on the resale of their unit?

⊠ No

Part 14 – Exit entitlement or buyback of freehold units

An exit entitlement is the amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a residence contract after the right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit.

14.1 How is the exit entitlement which the operator will pay the resident worked out?

Your ingoing contribution

Less exit fee

Less termination fee

Less any general services charges or maintenance reserve fund contributions owing

Less any costs of, or associated with, reinstatement work for which you are liable

Less any amounts you owe to the village operator under any other agreements the village operator has with you about the provision of services or goods to you in the village

Less the costs and expenses the village operator incurs with respect to the termination of your residence contract including, without limitation, your share of the village operator's costs of finding a new resident for your unit and your share of any valuation costs

Less any other amounts you must pay to the village operator under your residence contract, including any personal services charges owing

14.2 When is the exit entitlement payable?

By law, the operator must pay the exit entitlement to a former resident on or before the **earliest** of the following days:

- the day stated in the residence contract
 - which may range from 28 days (where the resident transfers to a Churches of Christ in Queensland Aged Care Facility and other criteria are satisfied) to 12 months after the termination of the residence contract.
- 14 days after the settlement of the sale of the right to reside in the unit to the next resident or the operator
- 18 months after the termination date of the resident's right to reside under the residence contract, even if the unit has not been resold, unless the operator has been granted an extension for payment by the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT).

In addition, an operator is entitled to see probate or letters of administration before paying the exit entitlement of a former resident who has died.

14.3 What is the turnover of units for sale in the village?

0 accommodation units were vacant as at the end of the last financial year

4 accommodation units were resold during the last financial year

5.5 months was the average length of time to sell a unit over the last three financial years

Part 15 - Financial management of the village

15.1 What is the financial status for the funds that the operator is required to maintain under the Retirement Villages Act 1999?

General Services Charges Fund for the last 3 years			
Financial Year	Deficit/ Surplus	Balance	Change from previous year
2023/24	(\$9,568)	(\$9,568)	(27%)
2022/23	(\$13,115)	(\$13,115)	(9.1%)

2021/22	(\$12,020)	(\$12,020)	65.6%
	l year <i>OR</i> last q	es Charges Fund for uarter if no full	(\$9,568)
Balance of Maintenance Reserve Fund for last financial year <i>OR</i> last quarter if no full financial year available			
Balance of Capital Replacement Fund for the last financial year <i>OR</i> last quarter if no full financial year available		\$44,644	
	of a resident inq le Capital Repla	going contribution cement Fund	The village operator contributes to the
ingoing contribution, as determined by a quantity surveyor's report, to the Capital Replacement Fund. This fund is used for replacing the village's capital items.			Replacement Fund in accordance with the relevant quantity surveyor report as updated from time to time.
OR 🗆 the v	rillage is not yet	operating.	

Part 16 - Insurance

The village operator must take out general insurance, to full replacement value, for the retirement village, including for:

- communal facilities; and
- the accommodation units, other than accommodation units owned by residents.

Residents contribute towards the cost of this insurance as part of the General Services Charge.

16.1 Is the resident responsible for arranging any insurance cover? If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:

 \boxtimes Yes \square No

If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:

- Your property in your unit;
- Public liability claims brought as a result of any incident occurring in your unit; and
- Workers compensation claims brought by any employee or contractor that you engage to carry out work or provide services in your unit.

Part 17 – Living in the village

Trial or settling in period in the village

17.1 Does the village offer prospective residents a trial period or a settling in period in the village?

 \boxtimes Yes \square No

(a) At any time during the period of 6 months after the commencement date of your residence contract, you may give the village operator a notice terminating your residence contract

If yes: if, at the time you give the village operator your notice, your provide details residence contract has not already been terminated. including, length of If you give the village operator notice in accordance with (b) period, relevant time paragraph (a), then: frames and any costs or conditions (i) the termination date is one (1) month after the date the village operator receives your notice; all the provisions of your residence contract that apply as a consequence of the termination of your residence contract will apply, except that: (A) you will not be required to pay the village operator the exit fee; and (B) your exit entitlement will be payable no later than your Exit Date; and (C) you will no longer be liable to pay the General Services Charge or Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution (or any share of those amounts) after your Exit Date. Pets \boxtimes Yes \square No 17.2 Are residents allowed to keep pets? If yes: specify any Except for a fish in a tank, you may not have pets in your unit or in the restrictions or conditions village without the village operator's consent. The village operator may on pet ownership give or refuse this consent in its absolute discretion or may impose any conditions it thinks fit on its consent. If the village operator consents to a pet then: that consent is particular to the approved pet only, and does not (a) extend to a replacement of that pet; you must comply with any conditions of that consent; and (b) (c) the village operator may revoke the consent if the pet is a nuisance, in which case you must remove the pet from the village. The village operator may introduce, and change from time to time, a pet policy which sets out general guidelines for the ownership and control of pets in the village. You must comply with the provisions of any pet policy the village operator has in place from time to time. A copy of the current pet policy for the village is available upon request. **Visitors**

17.3 Are there

restrictions on visitors staying with residents or visiting?

If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on visitors (e.g. length of

- You may allow your visitor or guest to stay in your unit with you (but not without you also being at the unit):
 - for no more than 14 days in any three-month period, but (i) only with the village operator's prior written consent (which the village operator will not unreasonably withhold); or

stay, arrange with manager)	(ii) for more than 14 days in any three-month period, but only with the village operator's prior written consent (which the village operator may grant or refuse in its absolute discretion).		
	However, the village operator reserves the right to require any such person to leave the village immediately if he or she does not comply with this residence contract or the village by-laws or rules.		
	(b) Subject to paragraph (a), you may not allow any other person, including a relative, carer, friend, boarder or lodger, to reside in the unit without the village operator's written consent, which the village operator may:		
	 (i) give or deny in its absolute discretion or give on such terms and conditions as the village operator thinks fit; and (ii) withdraw at any time. 		
Village by-laws and villa			
17.4 Does the village have village by-laws?	☐ Yes ☒ No		
	By law, residents may, by special resolution at a residents meeting and with the agreement of the operator, make, change or revoke by-laws for the village.		
	Note: See notice at end of document regarding inspection of village by-laws		
17.5 Does the operator have other rules for the village. Resident input	☐ Yes ☒ No If yes: Rules may be made available on request		
17.6 Does the village have a residents	☐ Yes ☒ No		
committee established under the Retirement Villages Act 1999?	By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by residents.		
	You may like to ask the village manager about an opportunity to talk with members of the resident committee about living in this village.		
Part 18 – Accreditation			
18.1 Is the village voluntarily accredited through an industrybased accreditation scheme?	 □ No, village is not accredited ☑ Yes, village is voluntarily accredited through: Australian Retirement Villages Accreditation Scheme (ARVAS) 		
	accreditation schemes are industry-based schemes. The <i>Retirement</i> of establish an accreditation scheme or standards for retirement villages.		
Part 19 – Waiting list			

19.1 Does the village maintain a waiting list for entry? If yes, ■ what is the fee to join the waiting list? No fee

Access to documents

The following operational documents are held by the retirement village scheme operator and a prospective resident or resident may make a written request to the operator to inspect or take a copy of these documents free of charge. The operator must comply with the request by the date stated by the prospective resident or resident (which must be at least seven days after the request is given).

- ☐ Certificate of registration for the retirement village scheme
- ☐ Certificate of title or current title search for the retirement village land
- ☑ Plans showing the location, floor plan or dimensions of accommodation units in the village
- □ Development or planning approvals for any further development of the village
- ☐ An approved redevelopment plan for the village under the *Retirement Villages Act*
- ☐ An approved transition plan for the village
- ☐ An approved closure plan for the village
- □ A maintenance and repair quantity surveyor report
- ☐ The annual financial statements and report presented to the previous annual meeting of the retirement village
- Statements of the balance of the capital replacement fund, or maintenance reserve fund or general services charges fund (or income and expenditure for general services) at the end of the previous three financial years of the retirement village
- ☐ Statements of the balance of any Body Corporate administrative fund or sinking fund at the end of the previous three years of the retirement village
- Examples of contracts that residents may have to enter into
- □ Village by-laws
- ∀illage insurance policies and certificates of currency
- A current public information document (PID) continued in effect under section 237I of the Act (this applies to existing residence contracts)

An example request form containing all the necessary information you must include in your request is available on the Department of Housing and Public Works website.

Further Information

If you would like more information, contact the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy on 13 QGOV (13 74 68) or visit our website at www.housing.qld.gov.au

General Information

General information and fact sheets on retirement villages: www.qld.gov.au/retirementvillages
For more information on retirement villages and other seniors living options:
www.qld.gov.au/seniorsliving

Regulatory Services, Department of Housing and Public Works

Regulatory Services administers the Retirement Villages Act 1999. This includes investigating

complaints and alleged breaches of the Act. Department of Housing and Public Works GPO Box 690, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 07 3013 2666

Email: regulatoryservices@housing.qld.gov.au
Website: www.housing.qld.gov.au/regulatoryservices

Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS)

Specialist service providing free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement villages and manufactured home parks in Queensland.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au
Website: caxton.org.au

Services Australia (Australian Government)

Information on planning for retirement and how moving into a retirement village can affect your

pension

Phone: 132 300

Website: https://www.servicesaustralia.gov.au/retirement-years

Seniors Legal and Support Service

These centres provide free legal and support services for seniors concerned about elder abuse, mistreatment or financial exploitation.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au

Website: caxton.org.au

Queensland Law Society

Find a solicitor Law Society House 179 Ann Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000

Phone: 1300 367 757 Email: <u>info@qls.com.au</u> Website: <u>www.qls.com.au</u>

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT)

This independent decision-making body helps resolve disputes and reviews administrative decisions.

GPO Box 1639, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 1300 753 228

Email: enquiries@qcat.qld.gov.au Website: <u>www.qcat.qld.gov.au</u>

Department of Justice and Attorney-General

Dispute Resolution Centres provide a free, confidential and impartial mediation service to the

community.

Phone: 07 3006 2518 Toll free: 1800 017 288

Website: www.justice.qld.gov.au

Livable Housing Australia (LHA)

The Livable Housing Guidelines and standards have been developed by industry and the community to provide assurance that a home is easier to access, navigate and live in, as well as more cost effective to adapt when life's circumstances change.

Website: www.livablehousingaustralia.org.au/