Queensland

ABN: 86 504 771 740

Village Comparison Document

Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Section 74)

This form is effective from 1 February 2019



Sugarland Gardens Retirement Village

Important information for the prospective resident

- The Village Comparison Document gives general information about the retirement village accommodation, facilities and services, including the general costs of moving into, living in and leaving the retirement village. This makes it easier for you to compare retirement villages.
- The Retirement Villages Act 1999 requires a retirement village scheme operator to:
- provide a copy of the Village Comparison Document to a prospective resident of the retirement village within seven days of receiving a request
- include a copy of the Village Comparison Document with any promotional material given to a person, other than through a general distribution (e.g. mail-out)
- publish the Village Comparison Document on the village's website so that the document, or a link to it appears prominently on each page of the website that contains, or has a link to, marketing material for the village
- You can access a copy of this Village Comparison Document on the village website at http://cofc.com.au/sugarland-gardens
- All amounts in this document are GST-inclusive, unless stated otherwise where that is permitted by law.

Notice for prospective residents

Before you decide whether to live in a retirement village, you should:

- Seek independent legal advice about the retirement village contract there are different types of contracts and they can be complex
- Find out the financial commitments involved in particular, you should understand and consider ingoing costs, ongoing fees and charges (which can increase) and how much it will cost you when you leave the village permanently
- Consider any impacts to any pensions, rate subsidies and rebates you currently receive
- Consider what questions to ask the village manager before signing a contract
- Consider whether retirement village living provides the lifestyle that is right for you. Moving
 into a retirement village is very different to moving into a new house. It involves buying into
 a village with communal facilities where usually some of the costs of this lifestyle are
 deferred until you leave the village. These deferred costs when you leave your unit may be
 significant.
- Seek further information and advice to help with making a decision that is right for you.
 Some useful contacts are listed at the end of this document, including:

- Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS) which provides free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement village. See www.caxton.org.au or phone 07 3214 6333.
- The Queensland Law Society which can provide a list of lawyers who practice retirement village law. See www.qls.com.au or phone: 1300 367 757.

More information

- If you decide to move into a retirement village, the operator will provide you with a Prospective Costs Document for your selected unit, a residence contract and other legal documents.
- By law, you must have a copy of the Village Comparison Document, the Prospective Costs
 Document, the village by-laws, your residence contract and all attachments to your residence
 contract for at least 21 days before you and the operator enter into the residence contract.
 This is to give you time to read these documents carefully and seek professional advice
 about your legal and financial interests. You have the right to waive the 21-day period if you
 get legal advice from a Queensland lawyer about your contract.

The information in this Village Comparison Document is correct as at 20 June 2025 and applies to prospective residents.

Some of the information in this document may not apply to existing residence contracts.

Part 1 – Operator and management details					
1.1 Retirement village location	Retirement Village Name: Sugarland Gardens Retirement Village Street Address: 58 Johnston Street Suburb: Avoca State: Qld Post Code: 4670				
1.2 Owner of the land on which the retirement village scheme is located	Name of land owner: Churches of Christ in Queensland Australian Company Number (ACN): 147 481 436 Address: 41 Brookfield Road Suburb: Kenmore State: Qld Post Code: 4069				
1.3 Village operator	Name of entity that operates the retirement village (scheme operator): Churches of Christ in Queensland Australian Company Number (ACN): 147 481 436 Address: 41 Brookfield Road Suburb: Kenmore State: QLD Post Code: 4069 Date entity became operator: 16th November 2016				

1.4 Village Name of village management entity and contact details: management and onsite availability Churches of Christ in Queensland Australian Company Number (ACN): 147 481 436 Phone: 07 4150 1400 Email: retirementlivinggld@cofcgld.com.au An onsite manager (or representative) is available to residents: □ Full time Onsite availability includes: Weekdays Monday to Friday: 8.30am to 4.00pm Weekends: Emergency calls Is there an approved transition plan for the village? 1.5 Approved closure plan or transition plan for the retirement A written transition plan approved by the Department of Communities, village Housing and Digital Economy is required when an existing operator is transitioning control of the retirement village scheme's operation to a new operator. Is there an approved closure plan for the village? ⊠ Yes □ No A written closure plan approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy is required if an operator is closing a retirement village scheme. This includes winding down or stopping to operate the village, even temporarily. Tenure in a leasehold or freehold scheme is secured by the registration 1.6 Statutory Charge of your interest on the certificate of title for the property. There is no over retirement village statutory charge registered over leasehold schemes and freehold land. schemes. [Note: Delete this section In relation to licence schemes, a statutory charge over the land is where village does not normally registered on the certificate of title by the chief executive of contain accommodation the department administering the Act. It there is no statutory charge units with a license tenure] registered on a licence scheme, which may be the case for some religious, charitable or community purpose organisations, you should check if the security of tenure offered meets your requirements. Is a statutory charge registered on the certificate of title for the retirement village land? ☐Yes ⊠No If yes, provide details of the registered statutory charge Part 2 - Age limits

2.1 What age limits apply to residents in this village?

Generally, the village operator will only accept residents who are at least 65 years old (or, if there are two residents seeking to occupy a unit, at least one of them must be at least 65 years old). However, the village operator may (if it wishes) approve residents who have not reached the minimum age. Applications by persons not meeting the minimum age are assessed on a case-by-case basis. The village operator reserves the right to vary the age limits for the village from time to time.

ACCOMMODATION, FACILITIES AND SERVICES Part 3 – Accommodation units: Nature of ownership or tenure ☐ Freehold (owner resident) 3.1 Resident ownership or tenure of ∠ Lease (non-owner resident) the units in the village is: ☑ Licence (non-owner resident) ☐ Share in company title entity (non-owner resident) ☐ Unit in unit trust (non-owner resident) ☐ Rental (non-owner resident) ☐ Other Note: New residents will be offered a licence to occupy only, not a lease. The village operator reserves the right to use or grant occupation rights in respect of any part of the village (including units) for temporary respite purposes, office/administration purposes, residential tenancies or other purposes, whether under agreements or arrangements that are governed by the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld) or not. **Accommodation types** 3.2 Number of units by There are 115 units in the village, comprising 115 single story units; 0 accommodation type units in multi-story building with 0 levels and tenure Accommodation Freehold Leasehold Licence Other unit Independent living units Studio 7 One bedroom 14 18 62 1 currently used Two bedroom by village operator as office Three bedroom 5 8 Serviced units Studio

	1	_	T	т —
- One bedroom				
- Two bedroom				
- Three bedroom				
Other				
Total number of units		30	84	1
Access and design 3.3 What disability access and design features do the units and the village contain?	 ☑ Level access from the street into and between all areas of the unit (i.e. no external or internal steps or stairs) in ☑ some units ☑ Alternatively, a ramp, elevator or lift allows entry into ☑ some units ☑ Step-free (hobless) shower in ☑ some units ☑ Width of doorways allow for wheelchair access in ☑ some units ☑ Toilet is accessible in a wheelchair in ☑ some units ☑ Other key features in the units or village that cater for people with disability or assist residents to age in place ☑ None Note from the village operator: In some villages, units may have been built at different times/stages. Therefore, the applicable standards and 			
Part 4 – Parking for resi	building codes may differ between different units.			
4.1 What car parking in the village is available for residents?	 ☑ Some (98) independent living units with own garage or carport attached or adjacent to the unit. ☑ Some (12) independent living units with own car park space adjacent to the unit. ☑ 5 independent living units with no car parking for residents Restrictions on resident's car parking include: Residents must only park in the village if they have entered into an agreement with the village operator to use one of the village carparks. 			
4.2 Is parking in the village available for visitors? If yes, parking	Visitor parking is for visitors only. The village has a general "maximum one car space per unit" policy, however an exception may be made at the discretion of the village operator. ☑ Yes ☐ No While there are no specific restrictions on visitor parking, visitors must			
restrictions include	comply with the residence contract of the resident they are visiting and			

are subject to the same behavioural obligations as residents. Also, the village operator reserves the right to impose restrictions in the course of administering the village. Part 5 – Planning and development 5.1 Is construction or Year village construction started: 1987 development of the ☐ Fully developed / completed village complete? □ Partially developed / completed ☐ Construction yet to commence 5.2 Construction, Provide detail of any construction, development or redevelopment development relating to the retirement village land, including details of any related applications and development approval or development applications in accordance with development the Planning Act 2016 approvals Provide details and A number of approvals have been obtained for further development in timeframe of the Village. development or proposed development, The scheme operator does have an intention to build 13 further including the final independent living units. number and types of units and any new Before commencing of any further development, the scheme operator facilities. will make an application for a variation of an existing Local Government approval, or a new approval. In addition, the steps under the Retirement Villages Act for a redevelopment will be undertaken. While we have every intention of undertaking the redevelopment, there are no guarantees. If something unexpected occurs, such as a significant change in demand, change of laws, refusal of development approval etc, then we may not proceed with the proposal. If the proposed development does proceed, we will liaise with the resident body about all relevant factors such as timing (and stages) for the development and any concerns residents may have. Development has many advantages, but there can be some disadvantages – like a temporary increase in noise and dust. Churches of Christ will take steps to minimise negative impacts to residents 5.3 Redevelopment Is there an approved redevelopment plan for the village under the plan under the Retirement Villages Act? Retirement Villages Act 1999 ☐ Yes ☒ No The Retirement Villages Act may require a written redevelopment plan for certain types of redevelopment of the village and this is different to a development approval. A redevelopment plan must be approved by the residents of the village (by a special resolution at a residents meeting) or by the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy. **Note:** see notice at end of document regarding inspection of the development approval documents.

Part 6 – Facilities onsite at the village				
6.1 The following facilities are currently		☐ Medical consultation room		
available to residents:	☐ Arts and crafts room	Restaurant		
	☐ Auditorium	☐ Shop		
	⊠ BBQ area outdoors	☐ Swimming pool [indoor / outdoor]		
		[heated / not heated]		
	⊠ Bowling green [indoor]	☐ Separate lounge in community centre		
	☐ Business centre (e.g. computers, printers, internet access)	☐ Spa [indoor / outdoor] [heated / not heated		
	☐ Chapel / prayer room	☐ Storage area for boats / caravans		
	☐ Communal laundries	_		
		☐ Tennis court [full/half]		
		☐ Village bus or transport		
	☐ Dining room	☐ Workshop		
	⊠ Gardens	☑ Other		
	☐ Gym ☐ Hairdressing or beauty room ☑ Library	Communal recreation centre includes library, billiard table, communal kitchen, lounge, organ, dart playing and card playing facilities. Other facilities include emergency call system and access facilities, communal outdoor recreational areas, communal sitting areas and direct pedestrian gate to shopping centre.		
Details about any facility that is not funded from the General Services Charge paid by residents or if there are any restrictions on access or sharing of facilities (e.g. with an aged care facility).				
For some of the village facilities, the village operator will from time to time specify particular village rules, such as hours of use and booking procedures. Residents must comply with those rules.				
Some village facilities may be subject to user charges.				
6.2 Does the village have an onsite, attached, adjacent or co-located residential aged care facility?	have an onsite, attached, adjacent or co-located residential Name of residential aged care facility and name of the approved provider			
Note: Aged care facilities are not covered by the <i>Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld)</i> . The retirement village operator cannot keep places free or guarantee places in aged care for residents				

Note: Aged care facilities are not covered by the *Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld)*. The retirement village operator cannot keep places free or guarantee places in aged care for residents of the retirement village. To enter a residential aged care facility, you must be assessed as eligible by an Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) in accordance with the *Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)*. Exit fees may apply when you move from your retirement village unit to other accommodation and may involve entering a new contract.

Part 7 - Services

7.1 What services are provided to all village residents (funded from the General Services Charge fund paid by residents)?

The General Services are all services supplied, or made available, to all residents of the village, associated with the Operating Costs.

What are the Operating Costs?

The Operating Costs are the total of all expenses the village operator incurs in connection with the ownership, operation, management and administration of the village, other than:

- (a) amounts payable directly by you or another resident;
- (b) the direct costs of providing personal services;
- (c) costs for maintaining and repairing the village's capital items that are payable out of the Maintenance Reserve Fund; or
- (d) costs for capital items that are payable out of the Capital Replacement Fund.

Specific inclusions in the Operating Costs

The Operating Costs may include, but are not limited to, the costs of:

- (e) rates, charges, taxes and levies (including fire levy) the village operator has to pay to a government, council or public authority in respect of the village, but not income tax, capital gains tax or GST;
- (f) water, gas, oil, electricity, communications, sewerage, waste disposal and other services supplied to the village, common areas and administration areas (but excluding individual units);
- (g) insurance for the village, including for public risk, fire, lightning, storm, tempest, flood, earthquake, malicious act, explosion, impact and riot or civil commotion and such other risks the village operator thinks necessary to cover against from time to time:
- (h) cleaning (including laundry and consumables) that residents are not obliged to do;
- (i) lawn mowing and gardening, including replacing dead plants, mulching, spraying and fertilising;
- (j) services (including recreation and entertainment facilities, activities, programs and consumables) the village operator provides to residents of the village (except services for which the village operator directly charges);
- (k) minor repairs and day-to-day maintenance (including preventative maintenance) necessary to keep the village in good order and condition, including provision at the village operator's discretion for future contingencies;
- (I) pest control;
- (m) fire fighting and protection equipment and services.

		including sprinkler systems, hydrants, fire extinguishers and smoke detectors;
	(n)	maintaining, monitoring and responding to any emergency call system, other security services or emergency care services in the village;
	(0)	the operation and day-to-day maintenance of any vehicles used for the operation of the village or transportation of residents of the village, including insurance, registration, tolls, servicing, oil and petrol;
	(p)	plant, equipment and software;
	(q)	contractors the village operator engages from time to time;
	(r)	a reasonable share of any off-site administration and management costs, including rent or occupancy charges for the use of areas outside the village for village purposes (e.g. office space, reception);
	(s)	wages, salaries, employee benefits, payroll tax, workers' compensation insurance premiums and other employment costs for the village operator's employees relating to the village, including travel, accommodation, training (internal and external), recruitment and workplace health and safety expenses;
	(t)	administration (including photocopying, postage, courier, printing and stationery expenses), management, accounting, audit, legal and banking costs for the operation of the village;
	(u)	complying with laws and the requirements of authorities relating to the operation, management and administration of the village;
	(v)	all costs of, or incidental to, resolving any dispute between the village operator and residents (including the costs of auditors, experts and other consultants), including disputes about the reasonableness or fairness of the calculation of the General Services Charge or Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution, excluding:
		 costs awarded against the village operator by a tribunal or court; and
		 legal costs incurred by the village operator in relation to a retirement village issue (as defined in the Act).
	(w)	expenditures carried forward from any previous accounting period;
	(x)	any excess payable under an insurance policy for the village; and
	(y)	costs of obtaining the opinions or reports of experts or consultants.
7.2 Are optional personal services provided or made	☐ Yes ⊠	No

available to residents on a user-pays basis?					
7.3 Does the retirement village operator provide government funded	☑ Yes, the operator is an Approved Provider of home care under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> (Registered Accredited Care Supplier – RACS ID number 22808)				
home care services under the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwth)?	☐ Yes, home care is provided in association with an Approved Provider [name of provider]				
	☐ No, the operator does not provide home care services, residents can arrange their own home care services				
Home Support Program s an aged care assessment services are not covered l Residents can choose the the retirement village pr	·				
Part 8 – Security and em	nergency systems				
8.1 Does the village have a security system?	⊠ Yes □ No				
	Please note the village operator arranges security patrols. between 6pm – 6am each night.				
8.2 Does the village have an emergency help system?					
If yes or optional: • the emergency help	Tunstall Health –This system involves a personal alarm and 24 hour monitoring service.				
system details are:	 You do not need to be next to your phone or the base alarm unit. The alarm has a powerful speaker and microphone which allows a two-way voice function. The system is monitored 24 hours a day 7 days a week 365 days of the year. Fees associated with the emergency help system form part of the General Services Charge and/or maintenance reserve fund contributions. If the emergency help system operates through the telephone system, you must at all times have an operative telephone line and handset in your unit to connect to the emergency call system and the telephone connection is your responsibility. 				
system is monitored between:	24 hours per day, 7 days per week.				

8.3 Does the village have equipment that provides for the safety	⊠ Yes □ No				
or medical emergency of residents?	First aid kit in the office and community centre.				
	Please note that re	sidents a	re not n	ecessarily trained	in first aid.
	Defibrillator located	l in comm	nunity ce	entre.	
COSTS AND FINANC	IAL MANAGEMI	ENT			
Part 9 – Ingoing contrib	ution - entry costs	to live in	the vill	age	
An ingoing contribution is to secure a right to reside the sale price or purchase recurring fees.	in the retirement vill	age. The	ingoing	contribution is als	so referred to as
9.1 What is the	Accommodation		Range	of ingoing contr	ibution
estimated ingoing contribution (sale	Independent living - Studio	units	C	to \$	
price) range for all	- One bedroom			\$ 185,000.00 to \$	
types of units in the village	- Two bedrooms	•		\$ 260,000.00 to \$	
Village	- Three bedroon			\$ 345,000.00 to \$	
	Serviced units	110		Ψ Ο 10,000.00 το ψ	100,000.00
	- Studio		\$	to \$	
	- One bedroom		\$ to \$		
	- Two bedrooms	3			
	- Three bedrooms		\$ to \$		
	Other [specify]		\$	to \$	
	Full range of ingo contributions for unit types			\$185,000.00 to \$	400,000.00
	Note: the amounts referred to in this Item 9.1 represent "Original Standard Ingoing Contributions", ie assuming that an "Option A" resident contract is selected (see Item 9.2 for details).			"Option A"	
9.2 Are there different financial options	⊠ Yes □ No				
the ingoing contribution and exit fee or other fees and charges under a Residents may select from three contract options. In select preferred contract option, residents may elect to pay a low contribution upon entry to the village, in return for paying a fee upon departure from the village. These contract options summarised as follows:		a lower ingoing ing a higher exit			
residence contract? If yes: specify or set out in a table how the contract options work		Percentag Original Standard		Relevant Exit Fee Table – refer item 11.1	Maximum Exit Fee Percentage (based on your

		-		-	
e.g. pay a higher		Contribution		Original	
ingoing contribution and		payable		Standard Ingoing	
less or no exit fee.				Contribution)	
	Option A	100%	Table A	35%	
	Option B	95%	Table B	40%	
	Option C	90%	Table C	45%	
	(b) to change to village operator of(c) not to offer more units; or(d) to vary the	on that would be place contract, at the under your residents of the nit). Without limitates the right: e or discontinue or the units or number fers one or more contracts of the contracts of the units or number fers one or more contracts.	ayable by you if you are grantence contract. The appendix of the total and the contract and the contract are village (including the contract). The or more contract are of units in respective.	ou entered into an inted the licence vary the contract g any subsequent erator's right in et options; ct of which the pect of one or	
9.3 What other entry	☐ Transfer or star	•			
costs do residents	☐ Costs related to your residence contract				
need to pay?	☐ Costs related to	any other contra	ct		
	☐ Advance payment of General Services Charge				

	☑ Other costs – A	dministration Fee	\$660.00		

Part 10 - Ongoing Costs - costs while living in the retirement village

General Services Charge: Residents pay this charge for the general services supplied or made available to residents in the village, which may include management and administration, gardening and general maintenance and other services or facilities for recreation and entertainment described at 7.1.

Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution: Residents pay this charge for maintaining and repairing (but not replacing) the village's capital items e.g. communal facilities, swimming pool. This fund may or may not cover maintaining or repairing items in your unit, depending on the terms of your residence contract.

The budgets for the General Services Charges Fund and the Maintenance Reserve Fund are set each financial year and these amounts can increase each year. The amount to be held in the Maintenance Reserve Fund is determined by the operator using a quantity surveyor's report.

Note: The following ongoing costs are all stated as weekly amounts to help you compare the costs of different villages. However, the billing period for these amounts may not be weekly.

10.1 Current weekly rates of General Services Charge and Maintenance Reserve Fund contribution

Type of U	nit	General	Services Charg	e	Maintenance contribution	Reserve Fund
		, ,			(weekly)	
All units pa	y a flat rate	\$123.06			\$25.65	
Last three ye	ears of Genera	ıl Services C	harge and Mainte	nance R	eserve Fund cor	ntribution
Financial year	Financial General Services		Overall % change from previous year	om Reserve Fund		Overall % change from previous year (+ or -)
2024/25	\$115.765		+4.2%	\$29.26		+21.84%
2023/24	\$111.095		+8.63%	\$24.01		
2022/23	\$102.265		+1.06%	\$23.14		+6.31%
10.2 What of relating to the are not covidence of the cov	the units ered by the rvices esidents pay these	☑ Contents insurance☐ Home insurance (freehold units only)☑ Electricity☐ Gas		□ Water S ☑ Telephone ☑ Internet ☑ Pay TV □ Other		
costs for re maintenand replacement in, on or att	occasional epair, ce and nt of items tached to re residents e for and le residing	units) Unit fitti units) Unit app Unit app None Additional if your unit condition. You must be than termite tremite treated whenever the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition.	Unit fixtures - Solar panels and inverter (applicable on selected units) Unit fittings - External blinds and awnings (available on selected units) Unit appliances None Additional information If your unit includes a garden then you must keep the garden in go condition. You must keep your unit clean. You must take reasonable steps to keep your unit free of pests (oth than termites), including by having pest control treatments (other the termite treatments) carried out in your unit at your expense annuall and whenever else the village operator reasonably requires you to		e garden in good ee of pests (other ments (other than spense annually equires you to do ith the village made by a d to the unit when g them clean, well	

	You are also responsible for repairing or replacing things in, on or attached to the unit and in the village that you damage or destroy, or are subject to accelerated wear because of your actions.
10.4 Does the operator offer a maintenance	☐ Yes ☒ No
service or help residents arrange repairs and maintenance for their unit?	Note: Subject to the exceptions referred to in Item 10.3, the village operator is generally responsible for the maintenance, repair and replacement of the unit and items in, on or attached to the unit.
Part 11 – Exit fees – who	en you leave the village
	ay an exit fee to the operator when they leave their unit or when the right old. This is also referred to as a 'deferred management fee' (DMF).
11.1 Do residents pay an exit fee when they permanently leave	 ☐ Yes – all residents pay an exit fee calculated using the same formula ☒ Yes – all new residents pay an exit fee but the way this is worked out may vary depending on each resident's residence contract
their unit?	☐ No exit fee
	□ Other
If yes: list all exit fee options that may apply to new contracts	Exit fees are calculated as a percentage (set out in the applicable exit fee table below) of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution, according to the period from (and including) the commencement date of your residence contract (to and including) your Exit Date.
	The applicable exit fee table depends on the contract option selected by you before you entered into your residence contract (see Item 9.2).
	In this document, "Exit Date" means the later of:
	(a) the date your residence contract expires or is terminated; and
	(b) the date that you vacate the unit,
	or any other date that the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld) specifies as the date as at which the exit fee for a residence contract is to be, or may be, calculated.
	For simplicity, the Exit Fee information below and any Prospective Costs Document given to you assume that the date of occupation of your unit and the commencement date of your residence contract are the same date, and that you cease to reside in the unit on the Exit Date. However, this is subject to the terms of your residence contract and the Retirement Villages Act 1999 (Qld).
	All residents must also pay a termination fee of \$1,000, which will be deducted from their exit entitlement (see Item 14.1).
Table A – Contract Or	otion A

Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
1 year	10% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
2 years	15% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
3 years	20% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
4 years	25% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
5 years	30% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
6 years	35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution
10 years	35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution

Note: If the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee will be 35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution after 6 years of residence, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00.

The minimum exit fee is 1 day/365 days (1 day/366 days in a leap year) of 10% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00, if the period of occupation is 1 day.

Table B – Contract Option B			
Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution		
1 year	15% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution		
2 years	20% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution		
3 years	25% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution		
4 years	30% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution		
5 years	35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution		
6 years	40% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution		
10 years	40% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution		

Note: If the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.

The maximum (or capped) exit fee will be 40% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution after 6 years of residence, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00.

The minimum exit fee is 1 day/365 days (1 day/366 days in a leap year) of 15% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00, if the period of occupation is 1 day.

Table C – Contract Option C		
Time period from date of occupation of unit to the date the resident ceases to reside in the unit	Exit fee calculation based on: your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution	

	1 year	20% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution			
	2 years	25% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution			
	3 years	30% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution			
	4 years	35% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution			
	5 years	40% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution			
	6 years	45% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution			
10 years		45% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution			
	Note: if the period of occupation is not a whole number of years, the exit fee will be worked out on a daily basis.				
The maximum (or capped) exit fee will be 45% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution after 6 years of residence, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00.					
	The minimum exit fee is 1 day/365 days (1 day/366 days in a leap year) of 20% of your				

The minimum exit fee is 1 day/365 days (1 day/366 days in a leap year) of 20% of your Original Standard Ingoing Contribution, plus a termination fee of \$1,000.00, if the period of occupation is 1 day.

11.2 What other exit costs do residents need to pay or contribute to?

If the former resident and scheme operator cannot agree on the resale value within 30 days, the scheme operator must obtain a valuation from a registered valuer within a further 14 days. The valuation is taken to be the agreed resale value of the right to reside for the accommodation unit. You and the scheme operator must share the cost of the valuer in the same proportion as the gross ingoing contribution on the sale of the right to reside, is shared under your residence contract. After the valuation is provided the scheme operator will give you an exit statement showing the estimated final amount of money you will receive when the right to reside is resold and all the costs you will have to pay. The resident's portion of any sale costs and/or valuation costs is calculated as follows:

Where:

A = the resident's ingoing

contribution

B = the exit fee

C = the termination fee

D = the ingoing contribution payable by the next resident of the unit

☐ Legal costs

☑ Other costs - \$1,000.00 termination fee

Part 12 - Reinstatement and renovation of the unit

12.1 Is the resident responsible for reinstatement of the unit when they leave the unit?

The resident is only responsible for reinstatement work to the extent it is required because the resident has caused damage or accelerated wear to the unit.

Reinstatement work means replacements or repairs that are reasonably necessary to return the unit to the same condition it was in when the resident started occupation, apart from:

- fair wear and tear; and
- renovations and other changes to the condition of the unit carried out with agreement of the resident and operator.

Fair wear and tear includes a reasonable amount of wear and tear associated with the use of items commonly used in a retirement village. However, a resident is responsible for the cost of replacing a capital item of the retirement village if the resident deliberately damages the item or causes accelerated wear.

Entry and exit inspections and reports are undertaken by the operator and resident to assess the condition of the unit.

12.2 Is the resident responsible for renovation of the unit when they leave the unit?

⊠ No

Renovation means replacements or repairs other than reinstatement work.

By law, the operator is responsible for the cost of any renovation work on a former resident's unit, unless the residence contract provides for the resident to share in the capital gain on the sale of the resident's interest in the unit. Renovation costs are shared between the former resident and operator in the same proportion as any capital gain is to be shared under the residence contract.

Part 13- Capital gain or losses

13.1 When the resident's interest or right to reside in the unit is sold, does the resident share in the capital *gain* or capital *loss* on the resale of their unit?

⊠ No

Part 14 – Exit entitlement or buyback of freehold units

An exit entitlement is the amount the operator may be required to pay the former resident under a residence contract after the right to reside is terminated and the former resident has left the unit.

14.1 How is the exit entitlement which the operator will pay the resident worked out?

Your ingoing contribution

Less exit fee.

Less termination fee.

Less any general services charges or maintenance reserve fund contributions owing.

Less any costs of, or associated with, reinstatement work for which you are liable.

Less any amounts you owe to the village operator under any other agreements the village operator has with you about the provision of services or goods to you in the village.

Less the costs and expenses the village operator incurs with respect to the termination of your residence contract including, without limitation, your share of the village operator's costs of finding a new resident for your unit and your share of any valuation costs.

Less any other amounts you must pay to the village operator under your residence contract, including any personal services charges owing.

14.2 When is the exit entitlement payable?

By law, the operator must pay the exit entitlement to a former resident on or before the **earliest** of the following days:

- the day stated in the residence contract
 - which may range from 28 days (where the resident transfers to a Churches of Christ in Queensland Aged Care Facility and other criteria are satisfied) to 12 months after the termination of the residence contract.
- 14 days after the settlement of the sale of the right to reside in the unit to the next resident or the operator
- 18 months after the termination date of the resident's right to reside under the residence contract, even if the unit has not been resold, unless the operator has been granted an extension for payment by the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT).

In addition, an operator is entitled to see probate or letters of administration before paying the exit entitlement of a former resident who has died.

14.3 What is the turnover of units for sale in the village?

0 accommodation units were vacant as at the end of the last financial year

17 accommodation units were resold during the last financial year

3 months was the average length of time to sell a unit over the last three financial years.

Part 15 – Financial management of the village

15.1 What is the financial status for the funds that the operator is required to maintain under the Retirement Villages Act 1999?

General Services Charges Fund for the last 3 years							
Financial	Deficit/	Balance	Change from				
Year	Surplus		previous year				
2023/24	\$22,997	\$22,997	(56.7%)				
2022/23	\$53,104	\$53,104	(40.5%)				

2021/22	\$89,236	\$89,236		(24.1%)	
	vear <i>OR</i> last q	es Charges Fund for uarter if no full	\$2	2,997	
	OR last quart	eserve Fund for last er if no full financial	\$30	05,207	
Balance of Capital Replacement Fund for the last financial year <i>OR</i> last quarter if no full financial year available				\$51,216	
		going contribution acement Fund			
ingoing contril surveyor's rep	bution, as det oort, to the Ca	ntage of a resident's ermined by a quantity pital Replacement replacing the village's	Cor Ca Re in a the sur upo	e village operatontributes to the pital placement Fund accordance with relevant quantitoreyor report as dated m time to time.	
DR ☐ the vill	age is not yet	operating.			

Part 16 - Insurance

The village operator must take out general insurance, to full replacement value, for the retirement village, including for:

- communal facilities; and
- the accommodation units, other than accommodation units owned by residents.

Residents contribute towards the cost of this insurance as part of the General Services Charge.

16.1 Is the resident responsible for arranging any insurance cover? If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:

If yes, the resident is responsible for these insurance policies:

- Your property in your unit;
- Public liability claims brought as a result of any incident occurring in your unit; and
- Workers compensation claims brought by any employee or contractor that you engage to carry out work or provide services in your unit.

Part 17 - Living in the village

Trial or settling in period in the village

17.1 Does the village offer prospective residents a trial period

(a) At any time during the period of 6 months after the

or a settling in period in the village?

If yes: provide details including, length of period, relevant time frames and any costs or conditions commencement date of your residence contract, you may give the village operator a notice terminating your residence contract if, at the time you give the village operator your notice, your residence contract has not already been terminated.

- (b) If you give the village operator notice in accordance with paragraph (a), then:
 - (i) the termination date is one (1) month after the date the village operator receives your notice;
 - (ii) all the provisions of your residence contract that apply as a consequence of the termination of your residence contract will apply, except that:
 - (A) you will not be required to pay the village operator the exit fee; and
 - (B) your exit entitlement will be payable no later than your Exit Date; and
 - (C) you will no longer be liable to pay the General Services Charge or Maintenance Reserve Fund contributions (or any share of those amounts) after your Exit Date.

Pets

17.2 Are residents allowed to keep pets?

If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on pet ownership

Except for a fish in a tank, you may not have pets in your unit or in the village without the village operator's consent. The village operator may give or refuse this consent in its absolute discretion or may impose any conditions it thinks fit on its consent. If the village operator consents to a pet then:

- (a) that consent is particular to the approved pet only, and does not extend to a replacement of that pet;
- (b) you must comply with any conditions of that consent; and
- (c) the village operator may revoke the consent if the pet is a nuisance, in which case you must remove the pet from the village.

The village operator may introduce, and change from time to time, a pet policy which sets out general guidelines for the ownership and control of pets in the village. You must comply with the provisions of any pet policy the village operator has in place from time to time. A copy of the current pet policy for the village is available upon request.

Visitors

17.3 Are there restrictions on visitors staying with residents or visiting?

If yes: specify any restrictions or conditions on visitors (e.g. length of stay, arrange with manager)

- (a) You may allow your visitor or guest to stay in your unit with you (but not without you also being at the unit):
 - (i) for no more than 14 days in any three month period, but only with the village operator's prior written consent (which the village operator will not unreasonably withhold); or
 - (ii) for more than 14 days in any three month period, but

only with the village operator's prior written consent (which the village operator may grant or refuse in its absolute discretion). However, the village operator reserves the right to require any such person to leave the village immediately if he or she does not comply with this residence contract or the village by-laws or rules. Subject to paragraph (a), you may not allow any other person, including a relative, carer, friend, boarder or lodger, to reside in the unit without the village operator's written consent, which the village operator may give or deny in its absolute discretion or give on such (i) terms and conditions as the village operator thinks fit; withdraw at any time (ii) Village by-laws and village rules ⊠ Yes ☐ No 17.4 Does the village have village by-laws? By law, residents may, by special resolution at a residents meeting and with the agreement of the operator, make, change or revoke by-laws for the village. Note: See notice at end of document regarding inspection of village by-laws 17.5 Does the operator ☐ Yes ☒ No have other rules for If yes: Rules may be made available on request the village. Resident input 17.6 Does the village ☐ Yes ☒ No have a residents committee established By law, residents are entitled to elect and form a residents committee under the Retirement to deal with the operator on behalf of residents about the day-to-day Villages Act 1999? running of the village and any complaints or proposals raised by residents. You may like to ask the village manager about an opportunity to talk with members of the resident committee about living in this village. Part 18 – Accreditation 18.1 Is the village voluntarily accredited ☐ No, village is not accredited through an industry-☑ Yes, village is voluntarily accredited through: based accreditation ARVAS (Australian Retirement Village Accreditation Scheme) scheme? Note: Retirement village accreditation schemes are industry-based schemes. The Retirement Villages Act 1999 does not establish an accreditation scheme or standards for retirement villages.

Part 1	9 – Waiting list			
 19.1 Does the village maintain a waiting list for entry? If yes, what is the fee to join the waiting list? 				
Acces	ss to documents			
The following operational documents are held by the retirement village scheme operator and a prospective resident or resident may make a written request to the operator to inspect or take a copy of these documents free of charge. The operator must comply with the request by the date stated by the prospective resident or resident (which must be at least seven days after the request is given). Certificate of registration for the retirement village scheme Certificate of title or current title search for the retirement village land				
	Village site plan	location floor plan or dimensions of accommodation units in the village		
	•	location, floor plan or dimensions of accommodation units in the village or facilities under construction		
	•	anning approvals for any further development of the village		
	An approved redevelopment plan for the village under the <i>Retirement Villages Act</i> An approved transition plan for the village			
	or general services	coalance of the capital replacement fund, or maintenance reserve fund scharges fund (or income and expenditure for general services) at the sthree financial years of the retirement village		
	Statements of the balance of any Body Corporate administrative fund or sinking fund at the end of the previous three years of the retirement village			
\boxtimes	Examples of contra	acts that residents may have to enter into		
	Village dispute resolution process			
	•			
	Village insurance policies and certificates of currency			
\boxtimes	A current public inf	ormation document (PID) continued in effect under section 237I of the		

 A current public information document (PID) continued in effect under section 237l of the Act (this applies to existing residence contracts)

An example request form containing all the necessary information you must include in your request is available on the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy website.

Further Information

If you would like more information, contact the Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy on 13 QGOV (13 74 68) or visit our website at www.chde.qld.gov.au

General Information

General information and fact sheets on retirement villages: www.qld.gov.au/retirementvillages

For more information on retirement villages and other seniors living options: www.qld.gov.au/seniorsliving

Regulatory Services, Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy

Regulatory Services administers the Retirement Villages Act 1999. This includes investigating complaints and alleged breaches of the Act.

Department of Communities, Housing and Digital Economy

GPO Box 690, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 07 3013 2666

Email: regulatoryservices@chde.gld.gov.au Website: www.chde.gld.gov.au/regulatoryservices

Queensland Retirement Village and Park Advice Service (QRVPAS)

Specialist service providing free information and legal assistance for residents and prospective residents of retirement villages and manufactured home parks in Queensland.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au Website: caxton.org.au

Department of Human Services (Australian Government)

Information on planning for retirement and how moving into a retirement village can affect your pension

Phone: 132 300

Website: www.humanservices.gov.au/individuals/subjects/age-pension-and-planning-your-

retirement

Seniors Legal and Support Service

These centres provide free legal and support services for seniors concerned about elder abuse, mistreatment or financial exploitation.

Caxton Legal Centre Inc.

1 Manning Street, South Brisbane, QLD 4101

Phone: 07 3214 6333

Email: caxton@caxton.org.au

Website: caxton.org.au

Queensland Law Society

Find a solicitor Law Society House 179 Ann Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000

Phone: 1300 367 757 Email: info@gls.com.au Website: www.qls.com.au

Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT)

This independent decision-making body helps resolve disputes and reviews administrative decisions.

GPO Box 1639, Brisbane, QLD 4001

Phone: 1300 753 228

Email: enquiries@gcat.qld.gov.au

Website: www.gcat.gld.gov.au

Department of Justice and Attorney-General

Dispute Resolution Centres provide a free, confidential and impartial mediation service to the

community.

Phone: 07 3006 2518 Toll free: 1800 017 288

Website: www.justice.qld.gov.au

Livable Housing Australia (LHA)

The Livable Housing Guidelines and standards have been developed by industry and the community to provide assurance that a home is easier to access, navigate and live in, as well as more cost effective to adapt when life's circumstances change.

Website: www.livablehousingaustralia.org.au/